

Lektion 6

4.3-2 (a) $y_{zi}(t) = 0 \Rightarrow y(t) = y_{zs}(t) = (e^{-t} - e^{-2t})u(t)$

(b) $y(t) = y_{zi}(t) + y_{zs}(t)$ där $y_{zi}(t) = (2+5t)e^{-2t}u(t)$ och $y_{zs}(t) = t \cdot e^{-2t}u(t)$

4.3-5 (b) $H(s) = \frac{3s^2 + 7s + 5}{s^3 + 6s^2 - 11s + 6}$ **(c)** $H(s) = \frac{3s + 2}{s(s^3 + 4)}$

4.3-6 (a) $\frac{d^2y(t)}{dt^2} + 3\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 8y(t) = \frac{dx(t)}{dt} + 5x(t)$

(b) $\frac{d^3y(t)}{dt^3} + 8\frac{d^2y(t)}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 7y(t) = \frac{d^2x(t)}{dt^2} + 3\frac{dx(t)}{dt} + 5x(t)$

4.3-7(a) (i) $y_{zs}(t) = (6 - e^{-t}(6\cos(2t) - 7\sin(2t)))u(t)$

(ii) $y_{zs}(t) = \frac{1}{10}y_{zs,\text{uppg(i)}}(t-5) = \frac{1}{10}(6 - e^{-(t-5)}(6\cos(2(t-5)) - 7\sin(2(t-5))))u(t-5)$

4.3-8 (a) $y_{zs}(t) = \frac{1}{10}\left(e^{-t} - \cos(3t) + \frac{1}{3}\sin(3t)\right)u(t)$

- 4.3-12 (a) (i)** Stabilt system **(ii)** Instabilt system
(iii) Marginellt stabilt system **(iv)** Marginellt instabilt system
(v) Instabilt system

- (b) (i)** Stabilt system **(ii)** Stabilt system
(iii) Stabilt system **(iv)** Instabilt system

4.4-1 $y_{zs}(t) = e^{-t}(t - \sin(t))u(t)$

4.5-1 (a) Nej, $H(s) \neq \frac{1}{4}$ – det efterföljande systemet i kaskadkopplingen belastar

det första systemet $\Rightarrow H(s) = \frac{1}{6}$

(b) $H(s) = \frac{1}{4}$

4.5-3 (a) $H(s) = \frac{1}{s+1}$, $\operatorname{Re}\{s\} > -1$, dvs. systemet är stabilt.

(b) $K=1$: Stabilt system, $K=-3$: Instabilt system,
 $K=2$: Stabilt system, $K=0$: $y(t) = 0$ för alla $x(t)$